



# RCI HOSPITALITY HOLDINGS INC

*Building a portfolio of well-managed, high cash-flowing  
nightclubs and restaurants*



# Today's Speakers



**Eric Langan**  
President & CEO  
RCI Hospitality Holdings, Inc.  
 [@RicksCEO](https://twitter.com/RicksCEO)



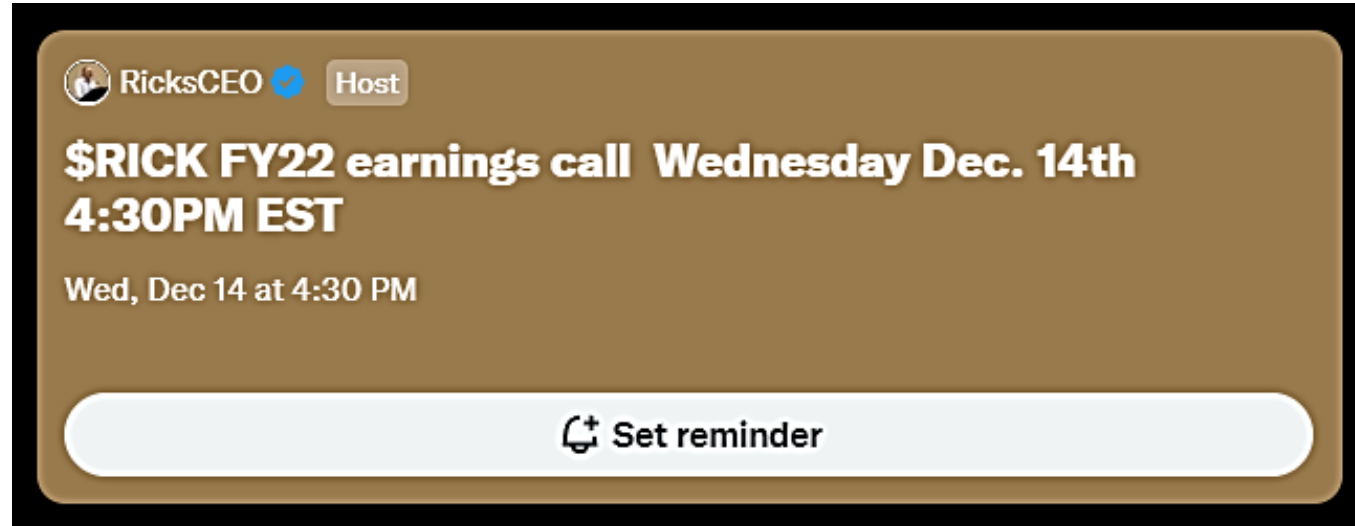
**Bradley Chhay**  
Chief Financial Officer  
RCI Hospitality Holdings, Inc.  
 [@BradleyChhay](https://twitter.com/BradleyChhay)



**Mark Moran**  
CEO  
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# Twitter Spaces Instructions

- **Go To:** @RicksCEO on Twitter: <https://twitter.com/RicksCEO>
- **Select this Twitter Space:** <https://twitter.com/i/spaces/1PIJQpoNQVaGE>



- **To ask a question during Q&A:** You will need to join the Space with a mobile phone
- **To listen only:** You can join the Space with a personal computer
- **Note:** You can also use traditional phone and webcast for **listen only** access – see our earnings news release for details

# Forward-Looking Statements

This presentation contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements include, among other things, statements regarding plans, objectives, goals, strategies, future events or performance and underlying assumptions and other statements, which are other than statements of historical facts. Forward-looking statements generally can be identified by words such as “anticipates,” “believes,” “estimates,” “expects,” “intends,” “plans,” “predicts,” “projects,” “will be,” “will continue,” “will likely result,” and similar expressions.

These forward-looking statements are based on current expectations and assumptions that are subject to risks and uncertainties, which could cause our actual results to differ materially from those reflected in the forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause or contribute to such differences include, but are not limited to, those discussed in this presentation and those discussed in other documents we file with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”).

This press release may contain forward-looking statements that involve a number of risks and uncertainties that could cause the company’s actual results to differ materially from those indicated in this press release, including, but not limited to, the risks and uncertainties associated with (i) operating and managing an adult entertainment or restaurant business, (ii) the business climates in cities where it operates, (iii) the success or lack thereof in launching and building the company’s businesses, (iv) cyber security, (v) conditions relevant to real estate transactions, (vi) the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, and (vii) numerous other factors such as laws governing the operation of adult entertainment or restaurant businesses, competition and dependence on key personnel.

For more detailed discussion of such factors and certain risks and uncertainties, see RCI’s annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2022, as well as its other filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. The company has no obligation to update or revise the forward-looking statements to reflect the occurrence of future events or circumstances.

The novel coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic has disrupted and may continue to disrupt our business, which has and could continue to materially affect our operations, financial condition, and results of operations for an extended period of time.

As used herein, the “Company,” “we,” “our,” and similar terms include RCI Hospitality Holdings, Inc. (RCIHH) and its subsidiaries, unless the context indicates otherwise.

## Trademarks

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# Non-GAAP Financial Measures

In addition to our financial information presented in accordance with GAAP, management uses certain non-GAAP financial measures, within the meaning of the SEC Regulation G, to clarify and enhance understanding of past performance and prospects for the future. Generally, a non-GAAP financial measure is a numerical measure of a company's operating performance, financial position or cash flows that excludes or includes amounts that are included in or excluded from the most directly comparable measure calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP. We monitor non-GAAP financial measures because it describes the operating performance of the Company and helps management and investors gauge our ability to generate cash flow, excluding (or including) some items that management believes are not representative of the ongoing business operations of the Company, but are included in (or excluded from) the most directly comparable measures calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP. Relative to each of the non-GAAP financial measures, we further set forth our rationale as follows:

- *Non-GAAP Operating Income and Non-GAAP Operating Margin.* We calculate non-GAAP operating income and non-GAAP operating margin by excluding the following items from income from operations and operating margin: (a) amortization of intangibles, (b) impairment of assets, (c) gains or losses on sale of businesses and assets, (d) gains or losses on insurance, (e) settlement of lawsuits, (f) costs and charges related to debt refinancing, and (g) stock-based compensation. We believe that excluding these items assists investors in evaluating period-over-period changes in our operating income and operating margin without the impact of items that are not a result of our day-to-day business and operations.
- *Non-GAAP Net Income and Non-GAAP Net Income per Diluted Share.* We calculate non-GAAP net income and non-GAAP net income per diluted share by excluding or including certain items to net income attributable to RCIHH common stockholders and diluted earnings per share. Adjustment items are: (a) amortization of intangibles, (b) impairment of assets, (c) gains or losses on sale of businesses and assets, (d) gains or losses on insurance, (e) unrealized loss on equity securities, (f) settlement of lawsuits, (g) gain on debt extinguishment, (h) costs and charges related to debt refinancing, (i) stock-based compensation, (j) the income tax effect of the above-described adjustments, and (k) change in deferred tax asset valuation allowance. Included in the income tax effect of the above adjustments is the net effect of the non-GAAP provision for income taxes, calculated at 22.8%, 13.5%, and 26.0% effective tax rate of the pre-tax non-GAAP income before taxes for the 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively, and the GAAP income tax expense (benefit). We believe that excluding and including such items help management and investors better understand our operating activities.
- *Adjusted EBITDA.* We calculate adjusted EBITDA by excluding the following items from net income attributable to RCIHH common stockholders: (a) depreciation and amortization, (b) income tax expense (benefit), (c) net interest expense, (d) gains or losses on sale of businesses and assets, (e) gains or losses on insurance (f) unrealized gains or losses on equity securities, (g) impairment of assets, (h) settlement of lawsuits, (i) gain on debt extinguishment, and (j) stock-based compensation. We believe that adjusting for such items helps management and investors better understand our operating activities. Adjusted EBITDA provides a core operational performance measurement that compares results without the need to adjust for federal, state and local taxes which have considerable variation between domestic jurisdictions. The results are, therefore, without consideration of financing alternatives of capital employed. We use adjusted EBITDA as one guideline to assess the unleveraged performance return on our investments. Adjusted EBITDA multiple is also used as a target benchmark for our acquisitions of nightclubs.
- *Management also uses non-GAAP cash flow measures such as free cash flow.* Free cash flow is derived from net cash provided by operating activities less maintenance capital expenditures. We use free cash flow as the baseline for the implementation of our capital allocation strategy.

Our FY22 10-K and our December 14, 2022 earnings news release and financial tables contain additional details and reconciliation of non-GAAP financial measures for the quarter and year ended September 30, 2022, and are posted on our website at [www.rcihospitality.com](http://www.rcihospitality.com) and filed with the US Securities and Exchange Commission.

# Today's News<sup>1</sup>

## 4Q22 Highlights

- Total Revenues: \$71.4M +29.9%
- EPS: \$1.15 +342.3% / Non-GAAP EPS<sup>2</sup>: \$1.45 -8.2%
- Net Cash from Operating Activities: \$17.8M +81.7%
- Free Cash Flow<sup>2</sup>: \$14.5M +71.6%
- Net Income<sup>3</sup>: \$10.6M +361.4%
- Adjusted EBITDA<sup>2</sup>: \$24.2M +37.8%

## FY22 Highlights

- Total Revenues: \$267.6M +37.1%
- EPS: \$4.91 +45.7% / Non-GAAP EPS<sup>2</sup>: \$5.38 +31.9%
- Net Cash from Operating Activities: \$64.5M +53.6%
- Free Cash Flow<sup>2</sup>: \$58.9M +63.3%
- Net Income<sup>3</sup>: \$46.0M +51.8%
- Adjusted EBITDA<sup>2</sup>: \$86.7M +44.0%

## FY23 Growth Initiatives

- Nightclubs: Benefit from FY22's acquisitions/openings, the Heartbreakers acquisition, and the pending Baby Dolls and Chicas Locas acquisitions, while we develop Rick's Cabaret Steakhouse & Casino
- Bombshells: Develop new company-owned and franchised locations to open starting FY24

1) Comparisons are to year-ago periods unless indicated otherwise

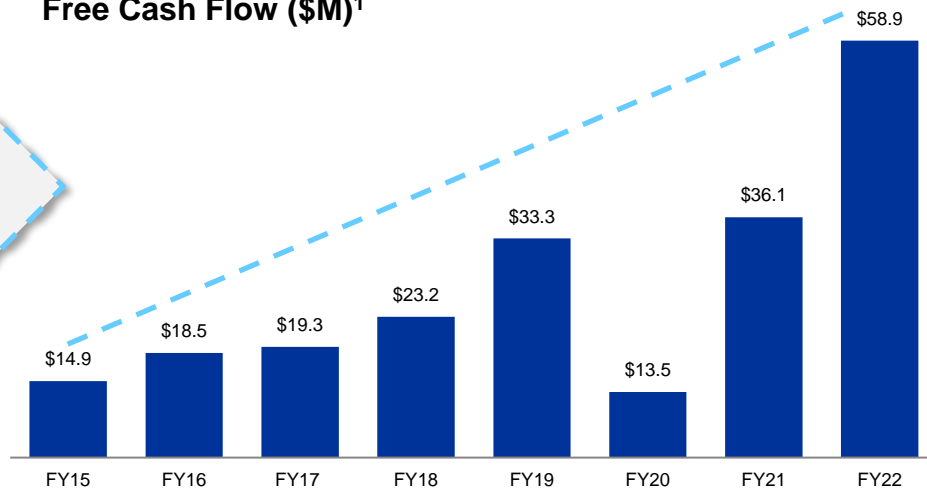
2) See slide 5, "Non-GAAP Financial Measures"

3) Net Income Attributable to RCIHH Common Stockholders

# Impressive Track Record Since Implementing Capital Allocation Strategy End of FY15

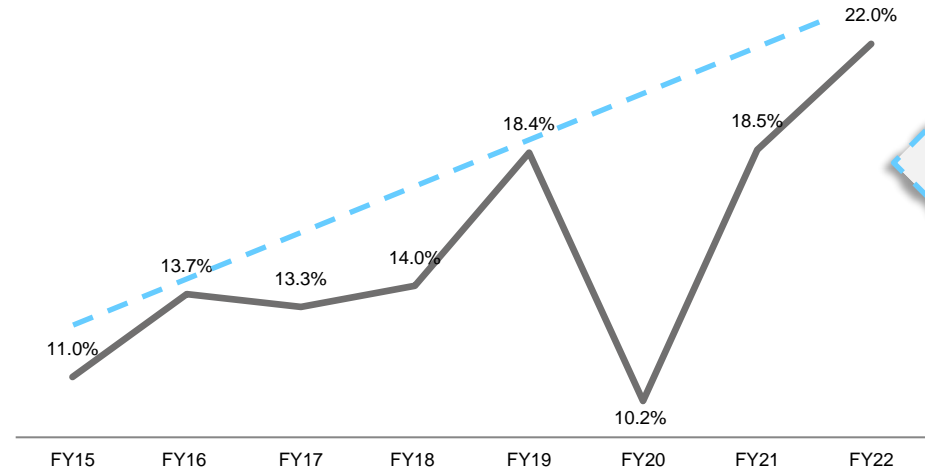
Free Cash Flow (\$M)<sup>1</sup>

**+22%  
CAGR**



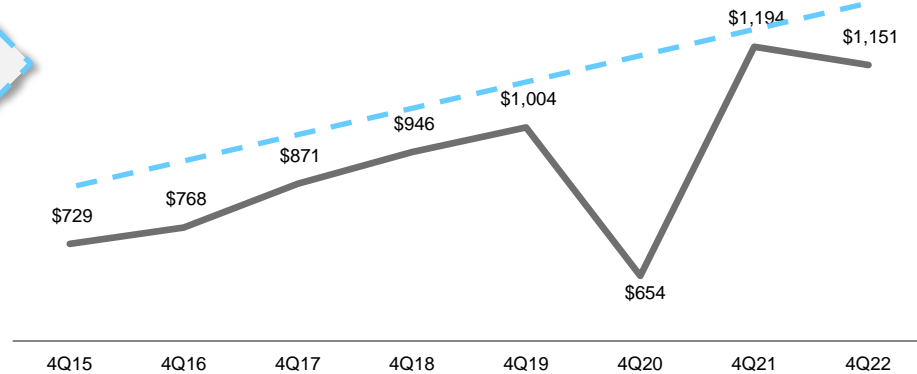
FCF as % of Revenues<sup>1</sup>

**+1,100  
BPS**



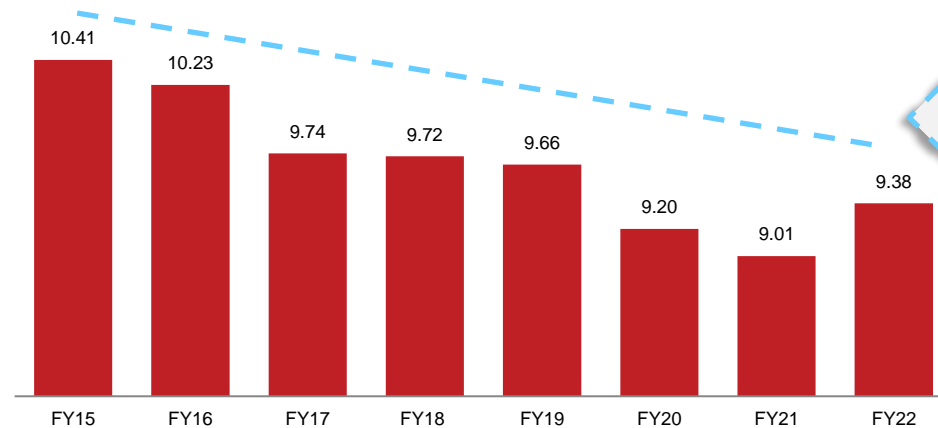
4Q Sales / Location (\$K)<sup>2</sup>

**+7%  
CAGR**



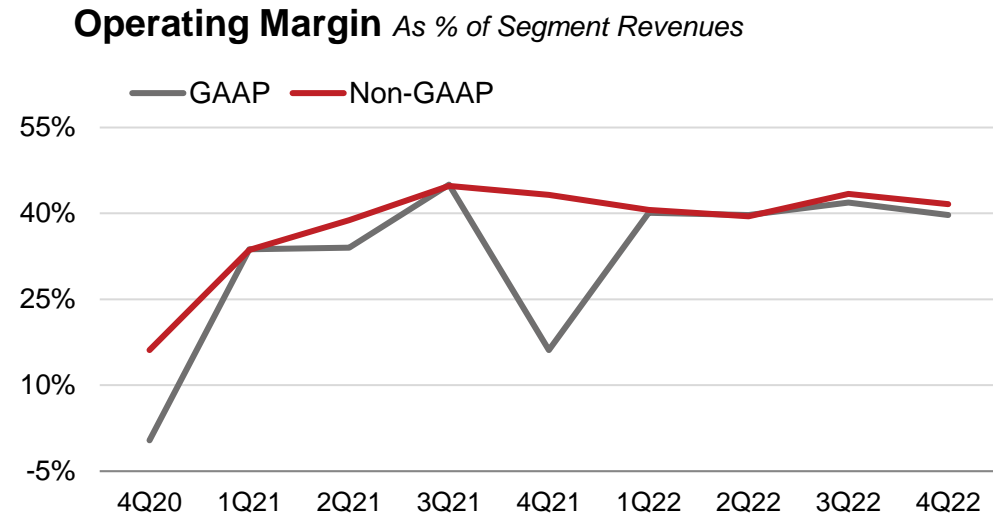
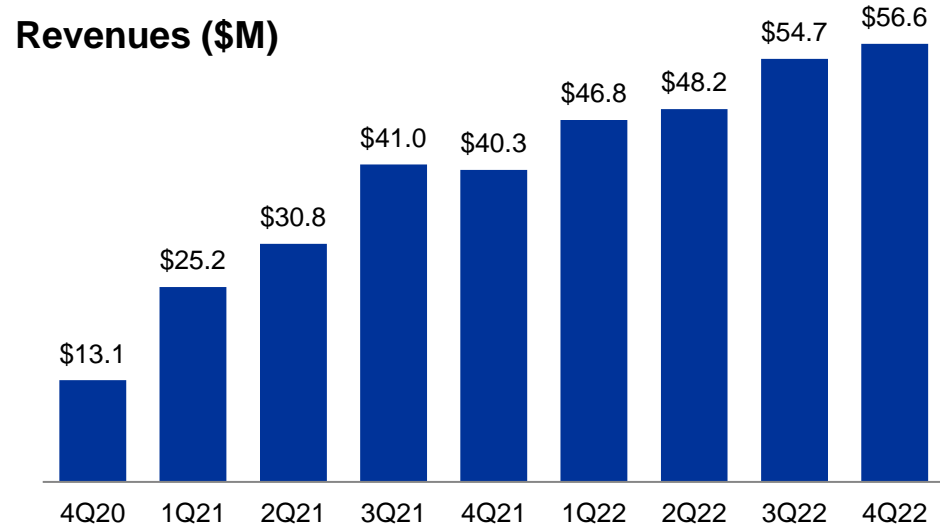
Diluted Weighted Average Shares Outstanding (M)

**-1.5%  
CAGR**



1) FY16 FCF of \$18.5M reflects FCF of \$20.5M less \$2.0M in tax credits  
 2) Based on unit count at quarter-end

# Nightclubs Segment



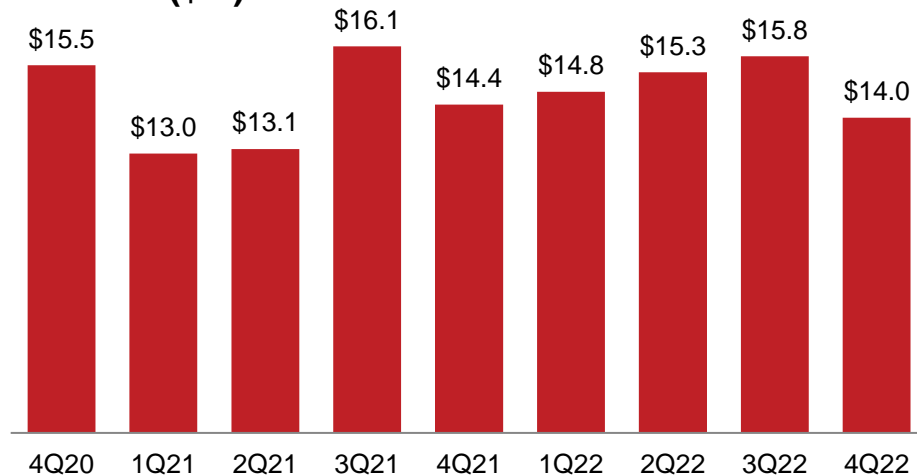
- 4Q22 Results
  - Revenues: \$56.6M
  - Second sequential quarter not affected by COVID
  - Operating Margin: 39.7% (41.6% non-GAAP)
  - Operating Income: \$22.5M (\$23.6M non-GAAP)
- 4Q22 vs. 4Q21
  - FY22 acquisitions (15 clubs) contributed \$14.9M sales
  - Same Store Sales: +3.2%
  - High margin service revenues +53.6%

Period	Location Status
<b>4Q20</b>	16 open through most of 4Q20, 34 open by quarter end
<b>1Q21</b>	24 open through most of 1Q21, 26 open by quarter end
<b>2Q21</b>	29 open through most of 2Q21, 37 open by quarter end
<b>3Q21</b>	36 open throughout 3Q21 (2 temporarily closed)
<b>4Q21</b>	36 open throughout 4Q21 (2 temporarily closed)
<b>1Q22</b>	47 open (12 acquired mid-quarter and 2 temporarily closed)
<b>2Q22</b>	48 open (1 temporarily closed)
<b>3Q22</b>	48 open (2 temporarily closed, Playmates added in May)
<b>4Q22</b>	51 open (1 temporarily closed, Odessa & Cheetah added in July)

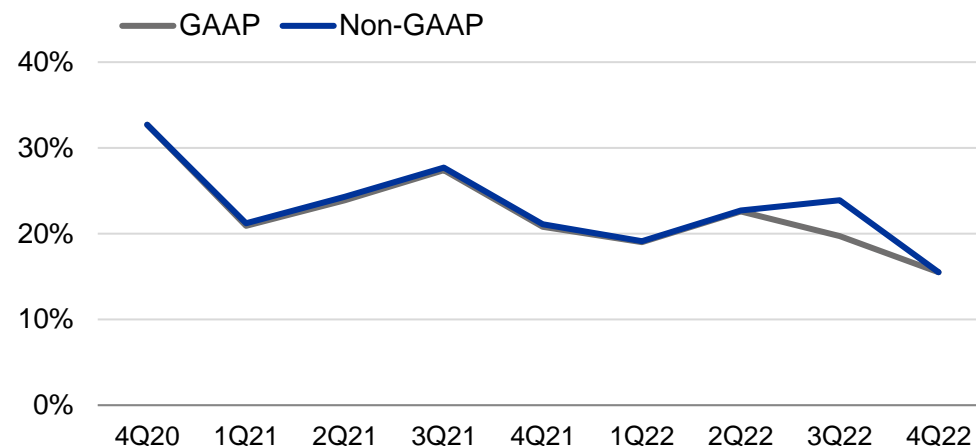


# Bombshells Segment

Revenues (\$M)



Operating Margin As % of Segment Revenues



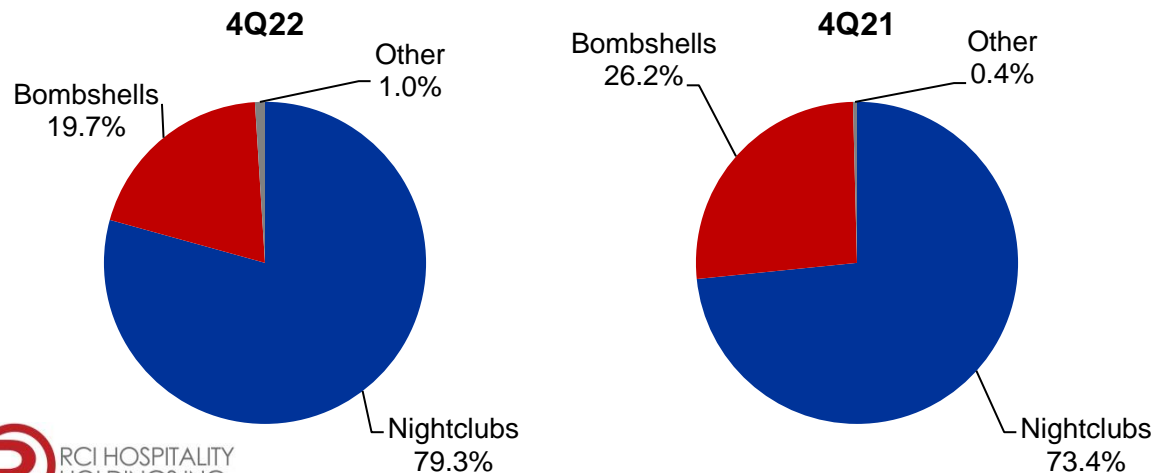
- 4Q22 Results
  - Revenues: \$14.0M
  - Operating Margin: 15.5% (~18% ex-San Antonio start up expenses)
  - Operating Income: \$2.2M
- 4Q22 vs. 4Q21
  - Sales improved sequentially through 4Q22 (up 7.4% YoY in Sept)
  - Same Store Sales: -13.3%
  - Arlington, TX (company-owned) added \$1.4M sales
  - San Antonio (franchise-owned) added +\$100K royalties and \$300K in start-up expenses

Period	Location Status
4Q20	Austin & Fuqua closed part of 4Q20, all 10 open by quarter end
1Q21	All 10 stores open (50% to 75% capacity mid-October)
2Q21	All 10 stores open (75% to 100% capacity mid-March)
3Q21	All 10 stores open at 100% capacity throughout 3Q21
4Q21	All 10 stores open
1Q22	11 <sup>th</sup> store opened December 2021
2Q22	All 11 stores open (except for a few frozen days in February)
3Q22	All 11 stores open (San Antonio franchise opened late June)
4Q22	All 11 stores open and 1 franchisee open

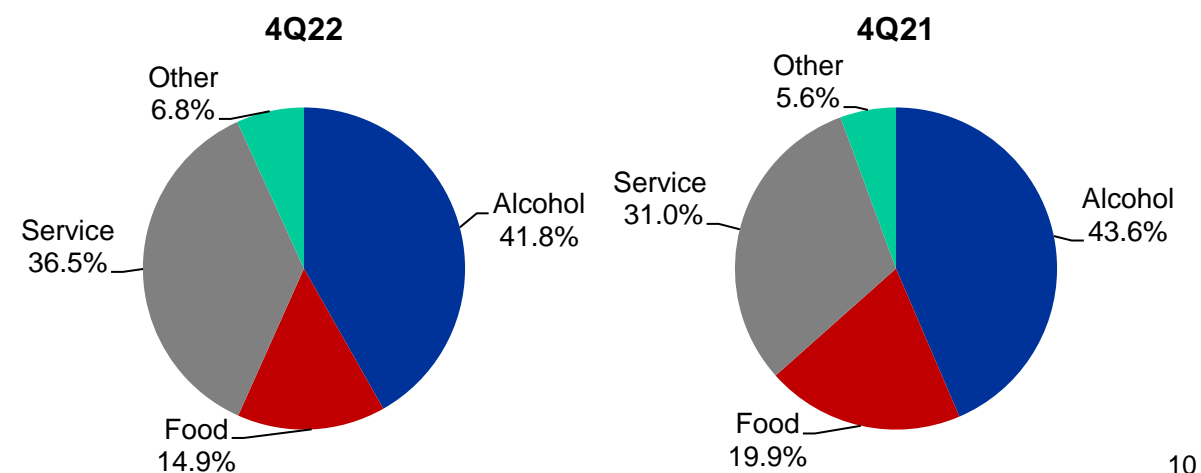
# Analysis of Consolidated Statement of Operations

Line Item	4Q22 vs. 4Q21 (% of sales)	4Q22 Comment
Cost of Goods	12.9% vs. 14.9%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Increase in sales mix of higher-margin service revenues (36.5% vs. 31.0%)</li> </ul>
Salaries & Wages	25.3% vs. 25.6%	
SG&A	31.3% vs. 27.6%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Included expenses related to newly acquired and reopened locations and \$2.4M non-cash stock-based compensation for previously announced \$100/PS options granted to a limited number of top executives and management team members.</li> <li>Excluding stock-based compensation, SG&amp;A would have been approximately 28%</li> </ul>
Depreciation & Amortization	6.7% vs. 3.7%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Non-cash amortization of intangible assets on newly acquired leased locations</li> </ul>
Other charges (gains), net	(1.2%) vs. 21.7%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Nightclubs segment included \$1.7M gain on sale of business and assets vs. \$11.9M impairment in 4Q21</li> </ul>
Operating Margin	25.2% vs. 6.6%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Non-GAAP: 30.0% vs. 28.4%</li> </ul>
Interest Expense	4.8% vs. 5.3%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Higher sales and lower weighted average interest rate, partially offset by higher debt from club and Bombshells site acquisitions</li> </ul>

Sales Mix By Segment

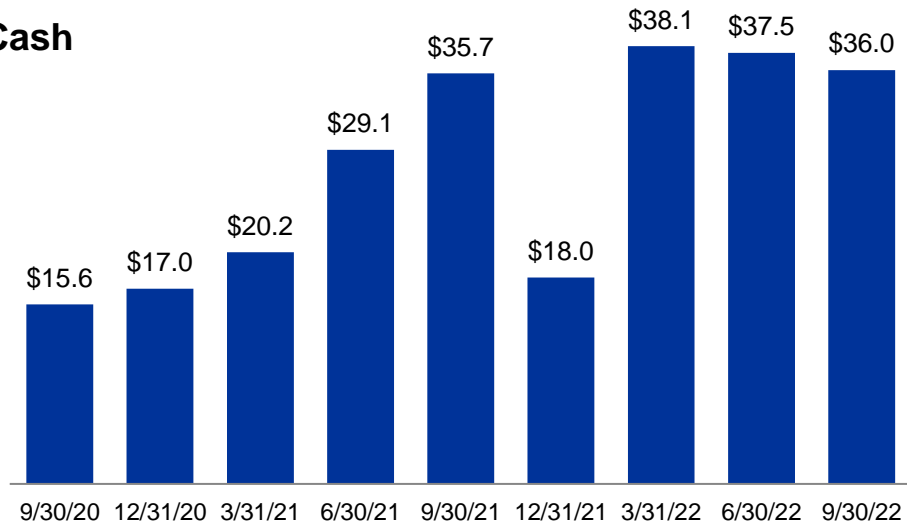


Sales Mix By Revenue Type

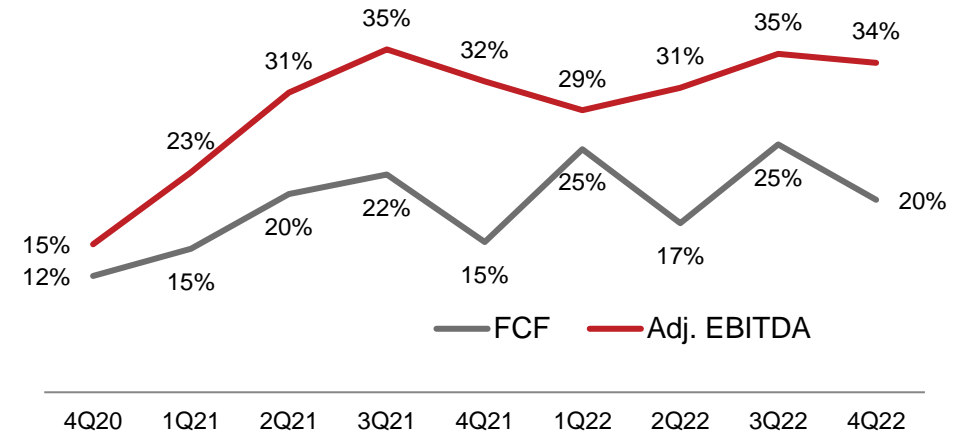


# Cash, FCF & Adjusted EBITDA (\$M)

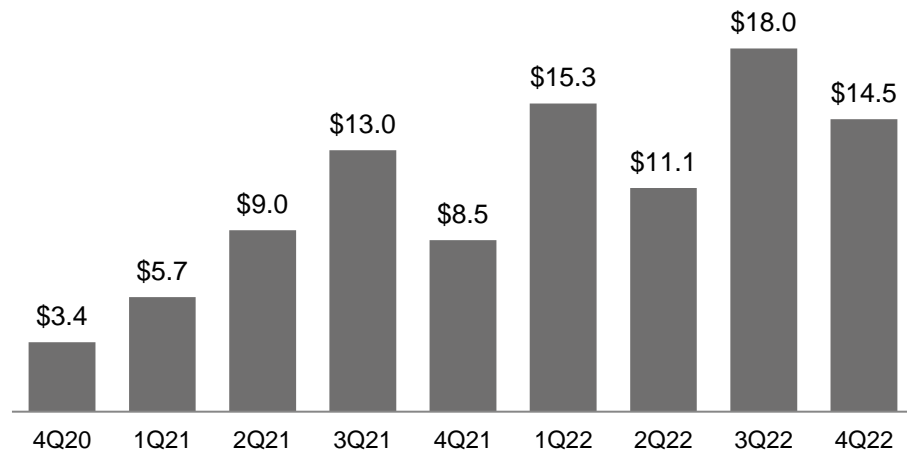
**Cash**



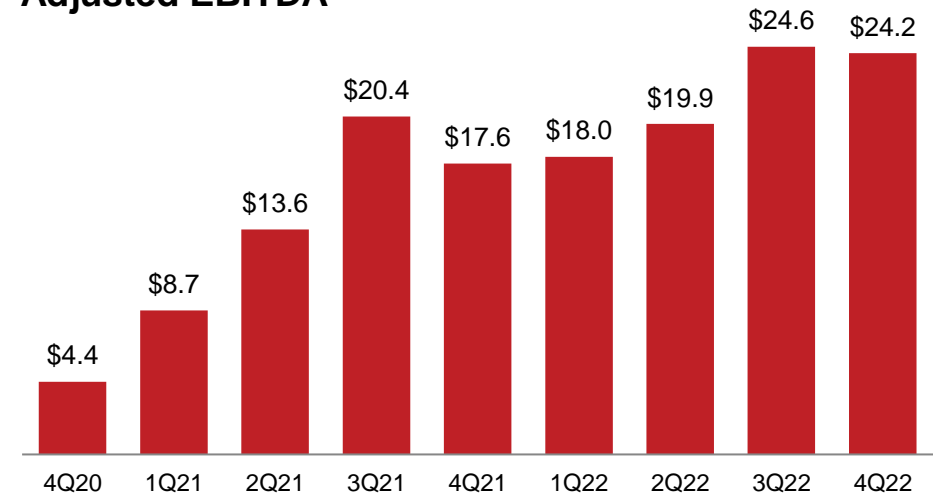
**As % of Total Revenues\***



**Free Cash Flow\***



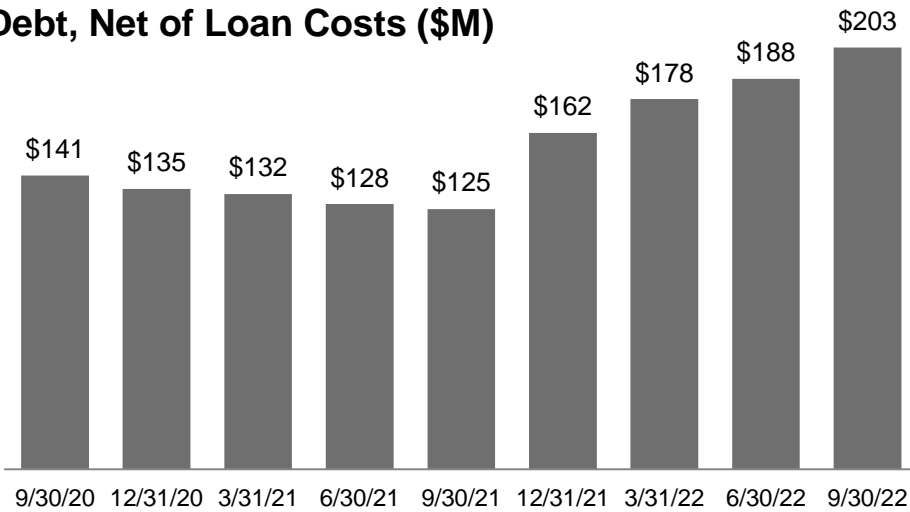
**Adjusted EBITDA**



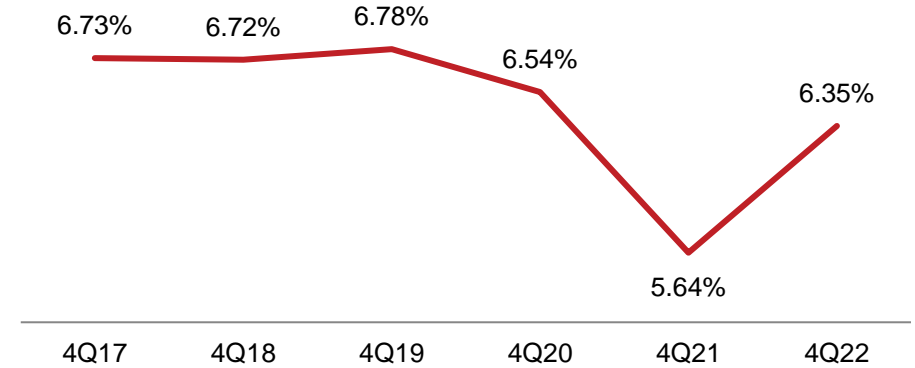
\* 3Q22 FCF includes receipt of \$2.2M previously discussed tax refund

# Debt & Related Metrics

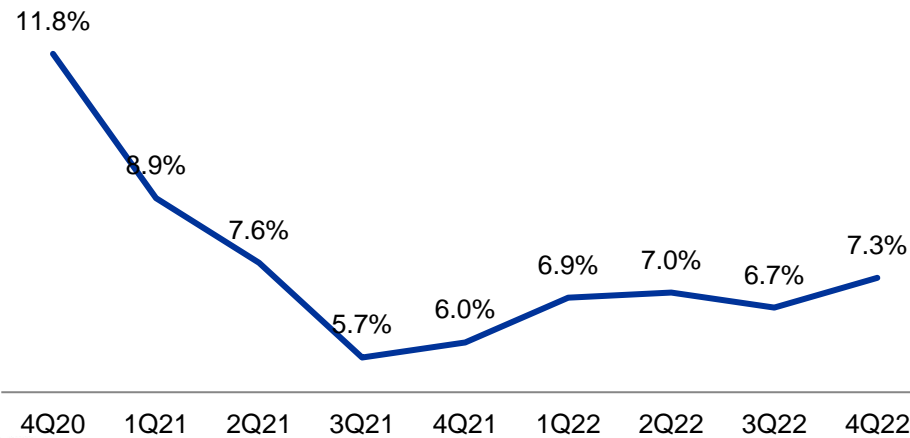
**Debt, Net of Loan Costs (\$M)**



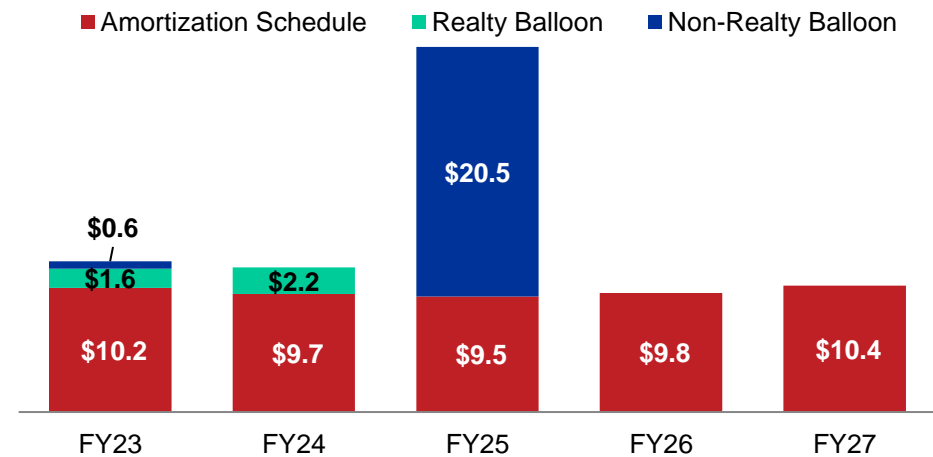
**Weighted Average Interest Rate on Debt**



**Total Occupancy Costs As % of Total Revenues**

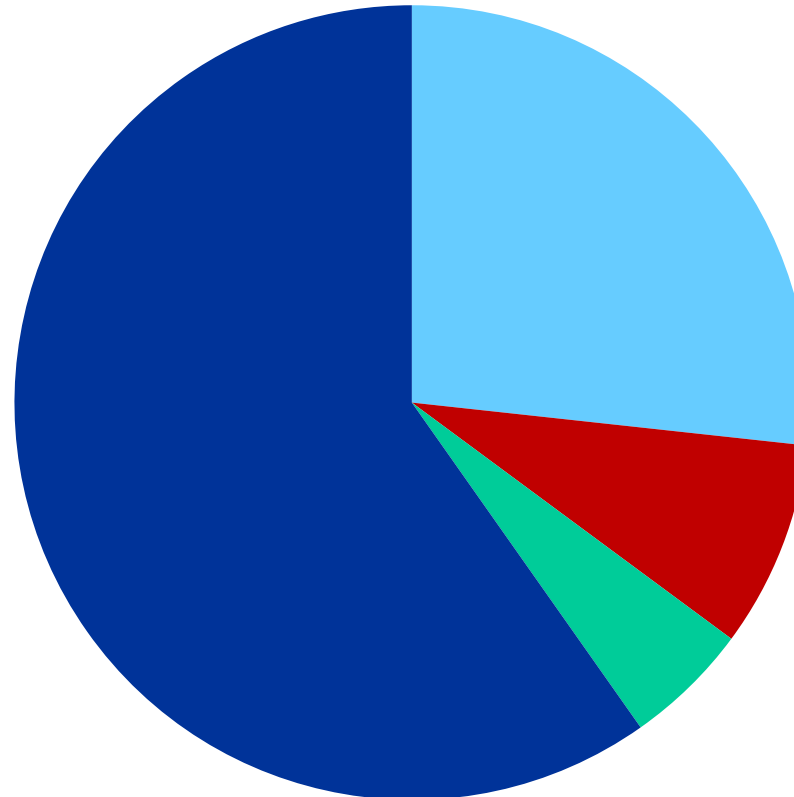


**Debt Maturities as of 9/30/22 (\$M)**



# Debt Analysis *(as of 9/30/22, \$ in millions)*

Total of \$205.8<sup>1</sup>  
 Weighted Average Interest Rate (WAIR): 6.35%



**\$123.0 Secured by Real Estate (59.8% of total)**

- 5.25% WAIR<sup>2</sup>

**\$55.0 Seller Financing (26.7% of total)**

- Secured by the respective clubs and real estate to which it applies
- 11 Clubs: \$19.1 @ 6.0% WAIR
- Scarlett's: \$13.4 @ 8.0% WAIR
- Mansion: \$0.9 @ 4.00% WAIR
- Playmates: \$10.9 @ 10.0% WAIR
- Cheetah: \$9.9 @ 6.0% WAIR
- PT's Odessa: \$0.8 @ 6.0% WAIR

**\$17.3 Unsecured Debt (8.4% of total)**

- 11.75% WAIR

**\$10.5 Secured by Other Assets (5.1% of total)**

- 5.58% WAIR

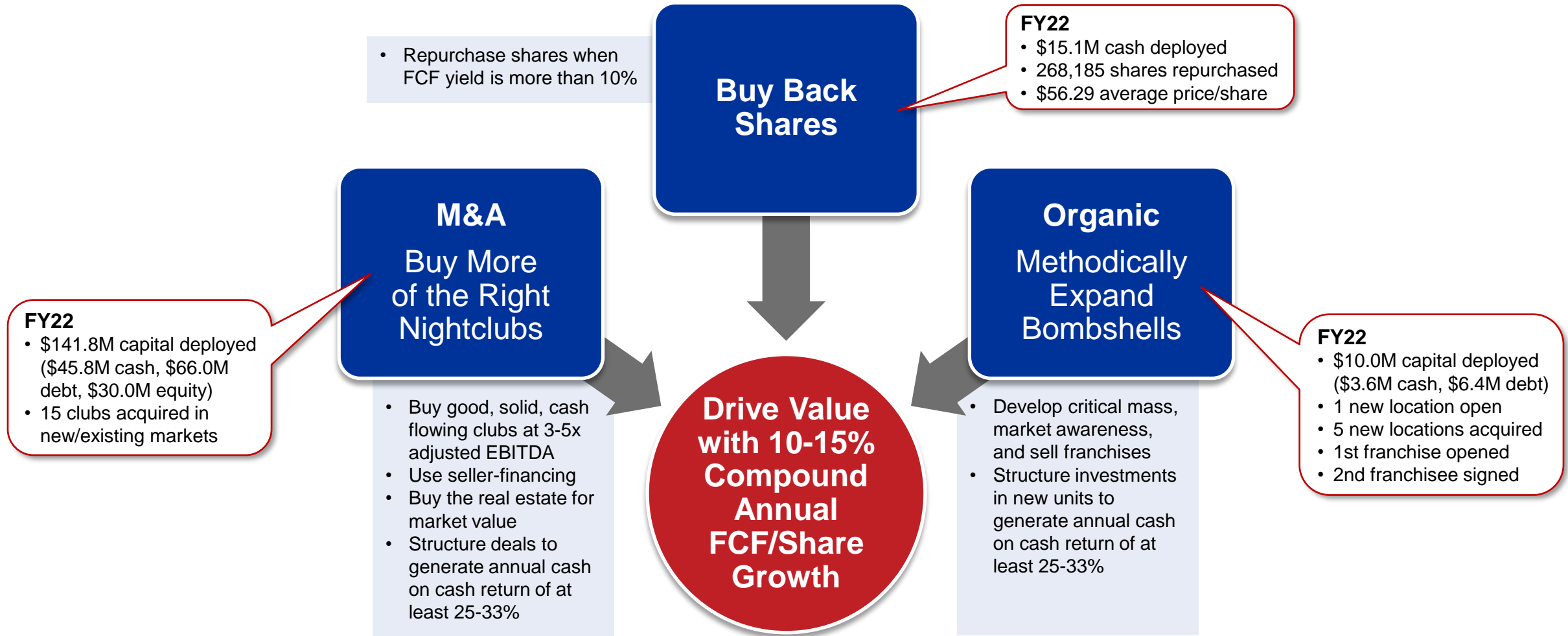
<sup>1</sup>Long-Term Debt Net of Loan Costs: \$202.5

- Up \$77.3 from 9/30/21
- Up \$14.5 from 6/30/22

Operating Lease Total Liabilities: \$38.8

- Adoption of ASC 842, Leases, starting FY20

# Capital Allocation Strategy\*



# Baby Dolls and Chicas Locas

## 5 Club Acquisition

- Signed definitive acquisition agreements
- 2 Baby Dolls and 3 Chicas Locas adult nightclubs and real estate
- Well-established, well-run, classic Texas gentlemen's clubs
- Located in Dallas-Fort Worth and Houston
- Expect January 2023 close

## \$66.5M Total Price

- \$25.0M in cash
- \$25.5M in 10-year, 7% seller financing
- 200,000 restricted shares of common stock valued at \$80/PS

## The EBITDA Contribution

- 5 locations, 1 location being remodeled, plan to expand 2 others
- \$11M estimated EBITDA in year one
- \$14-16M estimated EBITDA annually when remodel and expansions are complete

# Rick's Cabaret Steakhouse & Casino

## The Acquisition

- 4-story, 30,000 sq-ft building in historic Central City, CO
- Paid \$2.4M cash for property

## The Central City Market<sup>1</sup>

- 1 of 3 Colorado cities with legalized gambling
- \$1B wagered on slots
- Generated +\$80M in adjusted gross proceeds

## The Plan

- Club with a casino component
- Entertainment, fine dining, casino/sports betting
- Gaming license application for 175 slots and 7 tables





# Other Club Acquisitions & Openings

1Q22	2Q22	3Q22	4Q22	1Q23	2Q23	3Q23	4Q23
Oct-Dec 21	Jan-Mar 22	Apr-Jun 22	Jul-Sep 22	Oct-Dec 22	Jan-Mar 23	Apr-Jun 23	Jul-Sep 23
				<i>Heartbreakers – Acquired Oct 22</i>			
			<i>Scarlett’s Cabaret San Antonio – Opened Sep 22</i>				
			<i>PT’s Showclub Odessa – Opened Aug 22</i>				
			<i>Cheetah Club Miami – Acquired Jul 22</i>				
		<i>Playmates Club Miami – Acquired May 22</i>					
		<i>Rick’s Steakhouse &amp; Lounge Miami – Opened May 22</i>					
	<i>Scarlett’s Cabaret Louisiana – Opened Mar 22</i>						
<i>Mansion – Acquired Nov 21</i>							
<i>11 Lowrie Clubs – Acquired Oct 21</i>							

- Reformatted San Antonio club to reopen 12/28/2022
- Continue to look at other, possible acquisitions

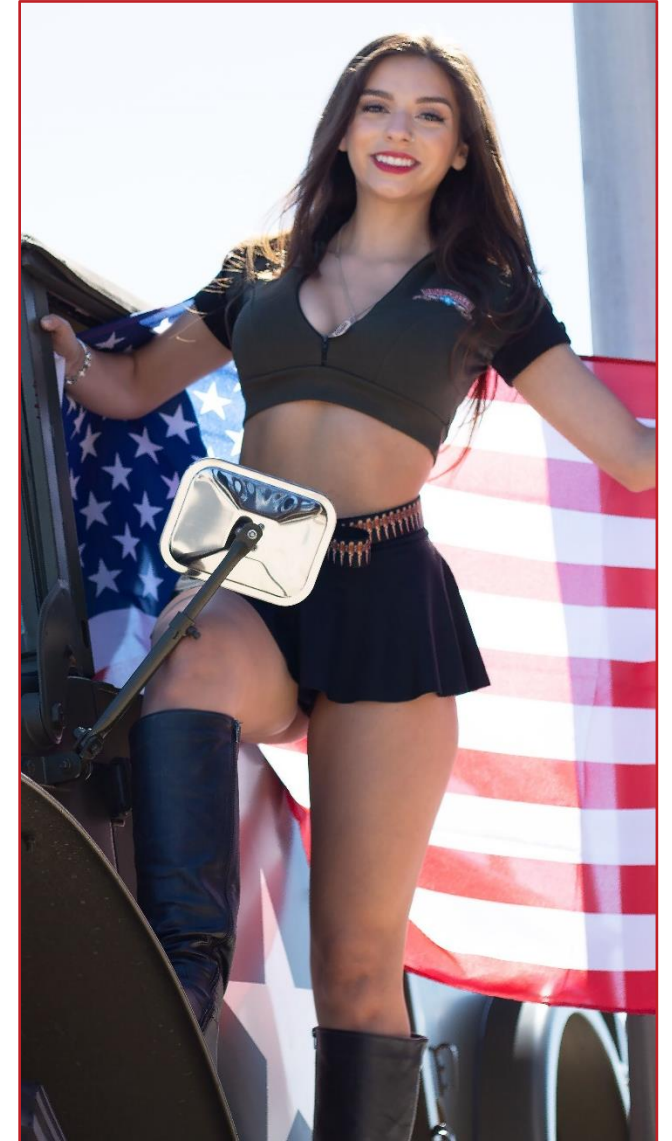
# Bombshells Development

## Company Owned

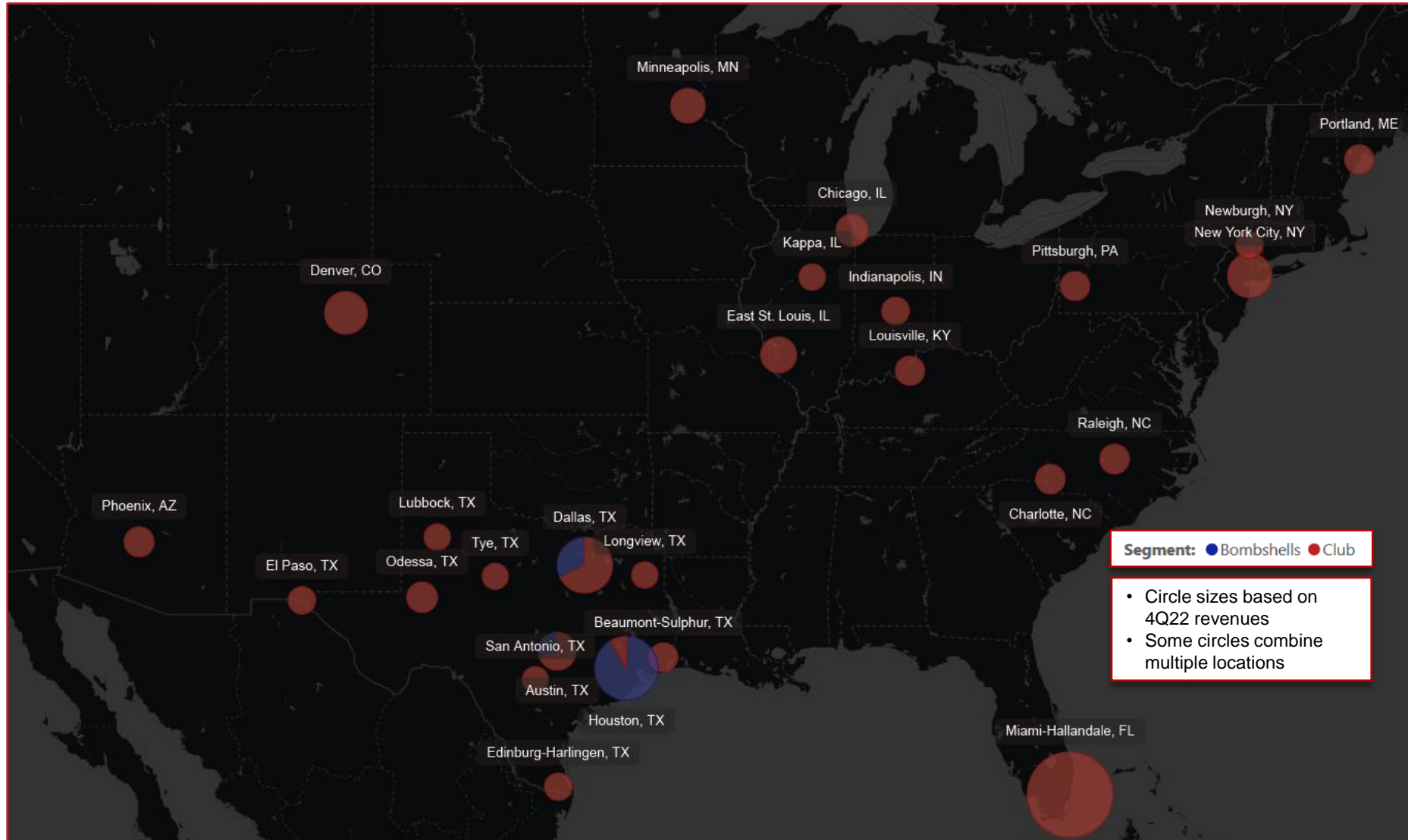
Number	Location	Status (as of 12/14/22)	Target Opening
12	Stafford (9 <sup>th</sup> Houston area location)	Construction started	FY24
13	Rowlett (3 <sup>rd</sup> Dallas area location)	Building permit applied for	FY24
14	Austin, TX (2 <sup>nd</sup> location in market)	Building permit applied for	FY24
15	Lubbock, TX	Demo permit applied for Architect working on plans	FY24
16	Aurora, CO (1 <sup>st</sup> Denver area location)	Pre-planning meeting in January	FY24
Other Potential New Locations	Targeting Dallas, Denver, Florida, Arizona	Targeting 3 more locations in greater Denver area	

## Franchisee Owned

Number	Location	Status (as of 12/14/22)	Target Opening
2	Huntsville	Building plans applied for	FY24
Other Potential Franchises			



# Geographic Focus



# Contact Information

## Corporate Office

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## Investor Relations

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## IR Website

[www.rcihospitality.com](http://www.rcihospitality.com)  
Nasdaq: RICK

